

### Scientist B - Crop Physiology/Latex Harvest Technology

Name of the post	Subject	Syllabus
<b>Scientist B - Crop Physiology/Latex Harvest Technology</b>	<b>Agriculture</b>	General Agriculture-All basic courses (Agronomy, Genetics & Plant Breeding, Soil Science & Agricultural Chemistry, Plant Physiology, Plant Pathology, Agricultural Economics & Agricultural Marketing, Statistics, Plant Biotechnology, Plant Biochemistry)
	<b>Botany</b>	<b>Plant Diversity &amp; Evolution:</b> Viruses, Bacteria, Algae, Fungi, Lichens, Bryophytes, Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Angiosperms. <b>Plant Structure &amp; Function:</b> Morphology, Anatomy (of angiosperms), Embryology, Plant Physiology, Biochemistry. <b>Genetics &amp; Molecular Biology:</b> Cell Biology, Genetics, Genomics, Recombinant DNA Technology, Plant Biotechnology. <b>Ecology &amp; Environment:</b> Plant Ecology, Phytogeography, Environmental Botany, Plant Pathology. <b>Applied Botany:</b> Economic Botany, Plant Breeding, Phytopathology, Biotechnology Applications.
	<b>Biochemistry</b>	<b>Biomolecules:</b> Structure, properties, and functions of Amino Acids & Proteins, Carbohydrates, Lipids, Nucleic Acids (DNA/RNA). <b>Enzymes:</b> Kinetics, mechanisms, regulation, and classification (biocatalysts). <b>Metabolism:</b> Major pathways like Glycolysis, Citric Acid Cycle, Oxidative Phosphorylation, Fatty Acid Metabolism, Amino Acid Metabolism, Nucleotide Metabolism. <b>Bioenergetics:</b> Energy production (ATP), thermodynamics in biological systems. <b>Molecular Biology:</b> DNA Replication, Transcription, Translation, Gene Regulation (e.g., Lac Operon), PCR. <b>Cell Biology:</b> Cell organelles, membranes, transport, cell signaling. <b>Genetics:</b> Basic principles,

		genetic material, mutations.
	<b>Plant Physiology</b>	<p><b>Water Relations &amp; Transport:</b> Water potential, osmotic adjustment, transpiration, cohesion-tension theory, root absorption, aquaporins. <b>Mineral Nutrition:</b> Essential elements, uptake mechanisms, deficiency symptoms, functions, mycorrhizae.</p> <p><b>Photosynthesis:</b> Light &amp; dark reactions, electron transport, C3/C4/CAM pathways, photorespiration. <b>Respiration:</b> Glycolysis, TCA cycle, electron transport chain, oxidative phosphorylation. <b>Plant Hormones (PGRs):</b> Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ABA, ethylene; roles in growth/development. <b>Growth &amp; Development:</b> Photomorphogenesis (phytochrome, cryptochromes), photoperiodism, vernalization, seed physiology. <b>Solute Transport:</b> Translocation of assimilates (phloem loading/unloading).</p>
	<b>Plant Biochemistry</b>	<p><b>Biomolecules &amp; Cell Biology:</b> Structure/function of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids. Cell structure (organelles, membranes, cell wall). Cell cycle, division, and protein secretion/targeting. <b>Metabolism &amp; Bioenergetics.</b> Glycolysis, TCA cycle, oxidative phosphorylation. Photosynthesis (light/dark reactions, C3/C4/CAM pathways). Electron transport chains, ATP formation. <b>Plant-Specific Metabolism</b> Nitrogen fixation &amp; assimilation, sulfate reduction. Mineral nutrient uptake and metabolism. Sucrose-starch interconversion, lipid/carbohydrate storage. Plant hormones and signal transduction.</p> <p><b>Molecular Biology</b> DNA/RNA structure, replication, transcription, translation, genetic code.</p> <p>Gene organization (nuclear, mitochondrial, chloroplast genomes). Genetic engineering, gene cloning, vectors. <b>Techniques</b> Microscopy (light, electron). Spectrophotometry, fluorimetry. Chromatography, electrophoresis. Bioinformatics,</p>

		genomics, proteomics. <b>Applied Plant Biochemistry</b> Plant cell/tissue culture, micropropagation. Biochemistry of food grains, fruits, vegetables (nutrition).
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